

# **4 DIGITAL INPUTS WITH ETHERNET AND CAN, SAE J1939**

## **USER MANUAL**

**P/N: AX032150**

## VERSION HISTORY

<b>Version</b>	<b>Date</b>	<b>Author</b>	<b>Modification</b>
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1.0.1.	Apr. 9, 2020	Antti Keränen	Axiomatic EA setpoint description updated, available configuration options in web server updated, drawing and technical data updated.
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1.0.4	August 2, 2023	Kiril Mojsov	Performed Legacy Updates

## ACCRONYMS

ACK	Positive Acknowledgement (from SAE J1939 standard)
BATT +/-	Battery positive (a.k.a. Vps) or Battery Negative (a.k.a. GND)
DIN	Digital Input used to measure active high or low signals
DM	Diagnostic Message (from SAE J1939 standard)
DTC	Diagnostic Trouble Code (from SAE J1939 standard)
EA	The Axiomatic Electronic Assistant (A Service Tool for Axiomatic ECUs)
ECU	Electronic Control Unit (from SAE J1939 standard)
GND	Ground reference (a.k.a. BATT-)
I/O	Inputs and Outputs
MAP	Memory Access Protocol
NAK	Negative Acknowledgement (from SAE J1939 standard)
PDU1	A format for messages that are to be sent to a destination address, either specific or global (from SAE J1939 standard)
PDU2	A format used to send information that has been labeled using the Group Extension technique, and does not contain a destination address.
PGN	Parameter Group Number (from SAE J1939 standard)
PropA	Message that uses the Proprietary A PGN for peer-to-peer communication
PropB	Message that uses a Proprietary B PGN for broadcast communication
PWM	Pulse Width Modulation
RPM	Rotations per Minute
SPN	Suspect Parameter Number (from SAE J1939 standard)
TP	Transport Protocol
UIN	Universal input used to measure voltage, current, frequency or digital inputs
Vps	Voltage Power Supply (a.k.a. BATT+)
%dc	Percent Duty Cycle (Measured from a PWM input)

**Note:**

The Axiomatic Electronic Assistant KIT may be ordered as P/N: AX070502 or AX070506K

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## REFERENCES

J1939	Recommended Practice for a Serial Control and Communications Vehicle Network, SAE, April 2011
J1939/21	Data Link Layer, SAE, December 2010
J1939/71	Vehicle Application Layer, SAE, March 2011
J1939/73	Application Layer-Diagnostics, SAE, February 2010
J1939/81	Network Management, SAE, May 2003
TDAX032150	Technical Datasheet, 4 Digital Inputs with Ethernet and CAN, Axiomatic Technologies 2020
UMAX07050x	User Manual, Axiomatic Electronic Assistant and USB-CAN, Axiomatic Technologies, July 2023

***This document assumes the reader is familiar with the SAE J1939 standard. Terminology from the standard is used, but not described in this document.***



NOTE: This product is supported by the Axiomatic Electronic Assistant V5.?.?.0 and higher

## 1. OVERVIEW OF CONTROLLER

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The 4 Digital Input with Ethernet and CAN (later 4DIN-ENET-CAN) electronic control unit (ECU) is a device that measures inputs and sends the data to an SAE J1939 CAN and/or Ethernet network. Its flexible circuit design gives the user a wide range of configurable input types. The sophisticated control algorithms allow the user to program the controller for a wide range of applications without the need for custom software.

The Axiomatic Electronic Assistant is used to configure the 4DIN-ENET-CAN ECU. Programming configurable properties, Axiomatic EA setpoints, are listed in chapter 4. Setpoint configuration can be saved in a file which can then be utilized to program the same configuration to another 4DIN-ENET-CAN controller. Throughout this document, Axiomatic EA setpoint names are referred to with bolded text in double-quotes, and the setpoint option is referred to with italicized text in single-quotes. For example, “**Input Sensor Type**” setpoint set to option ‘*Digital Input*’.

The configuration can also be done using the Ethernet interface. The controller has a web server running on port 80. The web server configuration supports the key configuration parameters.

In this document the configurable properties of the ECU are divided into function blocks, namely Input Function Block, Ethernet Configuration Block, CAN Transmit Message Function Block and CAN Receive Message Function Block. Input function block includes properties used to select input sensor functionality. The CAN transmit message and receive message function blocks configure properties of the messages sent to and received from the CAN bus. These function blocks are presented in detail in next subchapters.

The 4DIN-ENET-CAN ECU is auto CAN baud rate capable.

## 1.1. Input Function Blocks

The controller has four fully programmable digital inputs that can be setup to read: PWM, frequency, or digital input signals. The “**Input Sensor Type**” setpoint is used to configure input type. Selecting input type effects on other setpoints and how they are interpreted and should thus be selected first on this block. The input sensor types are listed in Table 1.

0	<i>Disabled</i>
40	<i>Frequency 0.5 to 50 Hz</i>
41	<i>Frequency 10 Hz to 1 kHz</i>
42	<i>Frequency 100 Hz to 10 kHz</i>
50	<i>PWM Low Frequency (&lt;1kHz)</i>
51	<i>PWM High Frequency (&gt;100Hz)</i>
60	<i>Digital (normal)</i>
62	<i>Digital (latched)</i>

**Table 1 – Digital Input Type Options**

<b>Input Sensor Type</b>	<b>Error Threshold units</b>	<b>Transmit data resolution</b>	<b>Transmit data offset units</b>
<i>Disabled</i>	N/A	N/A	N/A
<i>Frequency 0.5 to 50 Hz</i>	Hz(RPM)	1 Hz/Bit (RPM/Bit)	HZ(RPM)
<i>Frequency 10 Hz to 1 kHz</i>	Hz(RPM)	1 Hz/Bit (RPM/Bit)	HZ(RPM)
<i>Frequency 100 Hz to 10 kHz</i>	Hz(RPM)	1 Hz/Bit (RPM/Bit)	HZ(RPM)
<i>PWM Low Frequency (&lt;1kHz)</i>	%dc	0.1 %dc/Bit	%dc
<i>PWM High Frequency (&gt;100Hz)</i>	%dc	0.1 %dc/Bit	%dc
<i>Digital (normal)</i>	N/A	1 State/Bit	State
<i>Digital (latched)</i>	N/A	1 State/Bit	

**Table 2 - Input Sensor types effect on other setpoints**

Frequency/RPM or Pulse Width Modulated (PWM) inputs are connected to 16-bit timer pins on the processor. “**Debounce Time**” setpoint is used to select an input capture filter for the timer pin in question.

0	<i>None</i>
1	<i>111ns</i>
2	<i>1.78us</i>
3	<i>14.22us</i>

**Table 3 – Debounce Time Options**

An additional software debounce filter can be used with Digital Input types for filtering the inputs using longer time constants than with the default debounce filter. The available software implemented debounce times are listed in Table 4.



0	0ms
1	10ms
2	20ms
3	40ms
4	100ms
5	200ms
6	400ms
7	1000ms

**Table 4 - Software Debounce Filter Times**

The “**Pulses Per Revolution**” setpoint is only associated with the frequency input type. If a non-zero Pulse/Rev is selected, then the input data will be reported as in rotations-per-minute (RPM). Otherwise, frequency inputs are measured in Hertz.

There are two digital “**Input Sensor Type**” options: Normal and Latched. With digital input sensor types the input measurement is given either 1 (ON) or 0 (OFF). Input voltage is measured with 3V threshold.

On Frequency, PWM and digital input modes 10kΩ pull-up or pull-down resistors can be enabled or disabled by setting the value of the “**Pullup/Pulldown Resistor**” setpoint. Setpoint options are given in Table 5. By default, pull-down resistors are enabled for all inputs.

0	Pullup/down Off
1	10 kΩ Pullup
2	10 kΩ Pulldown

**Table 5 – Pullup/Pulldown Resistor Options**

“**Active High/Active Low**” setpoint is used to configure how signal high and low are interpreted. Setpoint options are given in Table 6. By default, all inputs are selected to be Active High, which means that signal high is interpreted as 1(ON) and signal low as 0(OFF).

0	Active High
1	Active Low

**Table 6 – Active High/Low Options**

Table 7 shows the effect of different digital input types on input signal measurement interpretation with recommended “**Pullup/Pulldown Resistor**” and “**Active High/Low**” combinations.

Input Sensor Type		Pulldown Active High	Pullup Active Low	Input measured (state)
6	<i>Digital (normal)</i>	High	Low or Open	1 (ON)
		Low or Open	High	0 (OFF)
62	<i>Digital (latched)</i>	High to Low	Low to High	0 (no change)
		Low to High	High to Low	1 (state change)

**Table 7 – Digital Input Sensor Type versus Input State**

The “**Minimum Range**” and “**Maximum Range**” setpoints are used to define range of the signal input outputs as a control source. For example, if “**Maximum Range**” is set to 900 for a ‘*Frequency 10...1000Hz*’, the control signal is saturated at 900 if input signal rises above 900Hz. The “**Minimum Range**” and “**Maximum Range**” setpoints are interpreted in input types units, thus they should be re-adjusted after editing “**Input Sensor Type**”.

Software filters can be applied to the measured input signal. Setpoints “**Software Filter Type**” and “**Software Filter Constant**” are used to configure the software filter. By default, no filter is applied to the signal. Software filtering is described in detail in next section.

## 1.2. Input filtering

Measured input data from universal inputs can be filtered to form desired CAN message data. Input filters are configured with “**Filter Type**” and “**Filter Constant**” setpoints. Filters are configured for each input individually.

“**Filter Type**” setpoint defines the type of software filter used. Setpoint options are ‘*No Filtering*’, ‘*Moving Average*’ and ‘*Repeating Average*’. The ‘*No Filtering*’ option applies no filtering to the measured input data. The ‘*Moving Average*’ option applies the transfer function below to the measured input data, where  $Value_N$  is the current value of the CAN message data,  $Value_{N-1}$  is the previous CAN message data and Filter Constant is the value of the “**Filter Constant setpoint**”.

Equation 1 - Moving Average Transfer Function:

$$Value_N = Value_{N-1} + \frac{(Input - Value_{N-1})}{Filter\ Constant}$$

Equation 2 - Repeating Average Transfer Function:

$$Value = \frac{\sum_0^N Input_N}{N}$$

The ‘*Repeating Average*’ option applies the transfer function above to the measured input data, where N is value of the “**Filter Constant**” setpoint. At every reading of the input value, the value is added to the sum. At every N<sup>th</sup> read, the sum is divided by N, and the result is new CAN message data. The sum is set to zero for the next read and summing is started again.

### 1.3. CAN Transmit Message Function Block

The CAN Transmit function block is used to send any output from another function block (i.e. input, CAN receive) to the J1939 network. The AX032150 ECU has four CAN Transmit Messages and each message has four completely user defined signals.

#### 1.3.1. CAN Transmit Message Setpoints

Each CAN Transmit Message setpoint group includes setpoints that affect the whole message and are thus mutual for all signals of the message. These setpoints are presented in this section. The setpoints that configure an individual signal are presented in next section.

The “**Transmit PGN**” setpoint sets PGN used with the message. **User should be familiar with the SAE J1939 standard and select values for PGN/SPN combinations as appropriate from section J1939/71.**

“**Repetition Rate**” setpoint defines the interval used to send the message to the J1939 network. If the “**Repetition Rate**” is set to zero, the message is disabled unless it shares its PGN with another message. In case of a shared PGN repetition rate of the LOWEST numbered message are used to send the message ‘bundle’.



At power up, transmitted message will not be broadcasted until after a 5 second delay. This is done to prevent any power up or initialization conditions from creating problems on the network.

#### 1.3.2. CAN Transmit Signal Setpoints

Each CAN transmit message has four associated signals, which define data inside the Transmit message. “**Control Source**” setpoint together with “**Control Number**” setpoint define the signal source of the message. “**Control Source**” and “**Control Number**” options are listed in Table 8. Setting “**Control Source**” to ‘*Control Not Used*’ disables the signal.

“**Transmit Data Type**” setpoint selects the data type from options “not used”, “discrete” and “continuous”. Continuous data is scaled using the min, max, resolution and offset parameters whereas the discrete type is written to the CAN message as unsigned value without scaling. “**Transmit Data Width**” setpoint determines how many bits signal reserves from the message. “**Transmit Data Index in Array**” determines in which of 8 bytes of the CAN message LSB of the signal is located. Similarly, “**Transmit Bit Index in Byte**” determines in which of 8 bits of a byte the LSB is located. These setpoints are freely configurable, thus **it is the User’s responsibility to ensure that signals do not overlap and mask each other.**

“**Transmit Data Resolution**” setpoint determines the scaling done on the signal data before it is sent to the bus. “**Transmit Data Offset**” setpoint determines the value that is subtracted from the signal data before it is scaled. Offset and Resolution are interpreted in units of the selected source signal.

## 1.4. CAN Receive Function Block

The CAN Receive function block is designed to read in any SPN from the J1939 network and use it as an input to another function block.

The “**Receive Message Enabled**” is the most important setpoint associated with this function block and it should be selected first. Changing it will result in other setpoints being enabled/disabled as appropriate. By default, ALL receive messages are disabled.

Once a message has been enabled, a Lost Communication fault will be flagged if that message is not received from the bus within the “**Receive Message Timeout**” period. In order to avoid timeouts on a heavily saturated network, it is recommended to set the period at least two times longer than the expected update rate. To disable the timeout feature, simply set this value to zero, in which case the received message will never trigger a Lost Communication fault.

By default, all control messages are expected to be sent to the 4DIN-ENET-CAN controller using Proprietary B PGNs. However, should a PDU1 message be selected, the 4DIN-ENET-CAN controller can be setup to receive it from any ECU by setting the “**Specific Address that sends the PGN**” to the Global Address (0xFF). If a specific address is selected instead, then any other ECU data on the PGN will be ignored.

The “**Receive Data Type**” defines if the data received is handled as “discrete” or “continuous” data. Continuous data is scaled using the min, max, resolution and offset parameters whereas the discrete type is read in as unsigned value without scaling. The “**Receive Data Width**”, “**Receive Data Index in Array (LSB)**”, “**Receive Bit Index in Byte (LSB)**”, “**Receive Resolution**” and “**Receive Offset**” can all be used to map any SPN supported by the J1939 standard to the output data of the Received function block.

As mentioned earlier, a CAN receive function clock can be selected as the source of the control input for the output function blocks. When this is case, the “**Received Data Min (Off Threshold)**” and “**Received Data Max (On Threshold)**” setpoints determine the minimum and maximum values of the control signal. As the names imply, they are also used as the On/Off thresholds for digital output types. These values are in whatever units the data is AFTER the resolution and offset is applied to CAN receive signal.

The 4DIN-ENET-CAN controller supports up to four unique CAN Receive Messages.

## 1.5. Available Control Sources

Many of the Function Blocks have selectable input signals, which are determined with “[Name] Source” and “[Name] Number” setpoints. Together, these setpoints uniquely select how the I/O of the various function blocks are linked together. “[Name] Source” setpoint determines the type of the source and “[Name] Number” selects the actual source if there is more than one of the same type. Available “[Name] Source” options and associated “[Name] Number” ranges are listed in Table 8. All sources, except “CAN message reception timeout”, are available for all blocks, including CAN Transmit messages. Although Input Sources are freely selectable, not all options would make sense for all inputs, and it is up to the user to program the controller in a logical and functional manner.

Sources	Number Range	Notes
<i>0: Control Not Used</i>	N/A	When this is selected, it disables all other setpoints associated with the signal in question.
<i>1: Received CAN Message</i>	1 to 4	
<i>2: Digital Input Measured</i>	1 to 4	
<i>3: Control Constant Data</i>	1 to 15	1 = FALSE, 2 = TRUE, 3 to 15 = User Selectable
<i>4: CAN Reception Timeout</i>	N/A	

**Table 8 – Available Control Sources and Numbers**

## 2. INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

### 2.1. Dimensions and Pinout

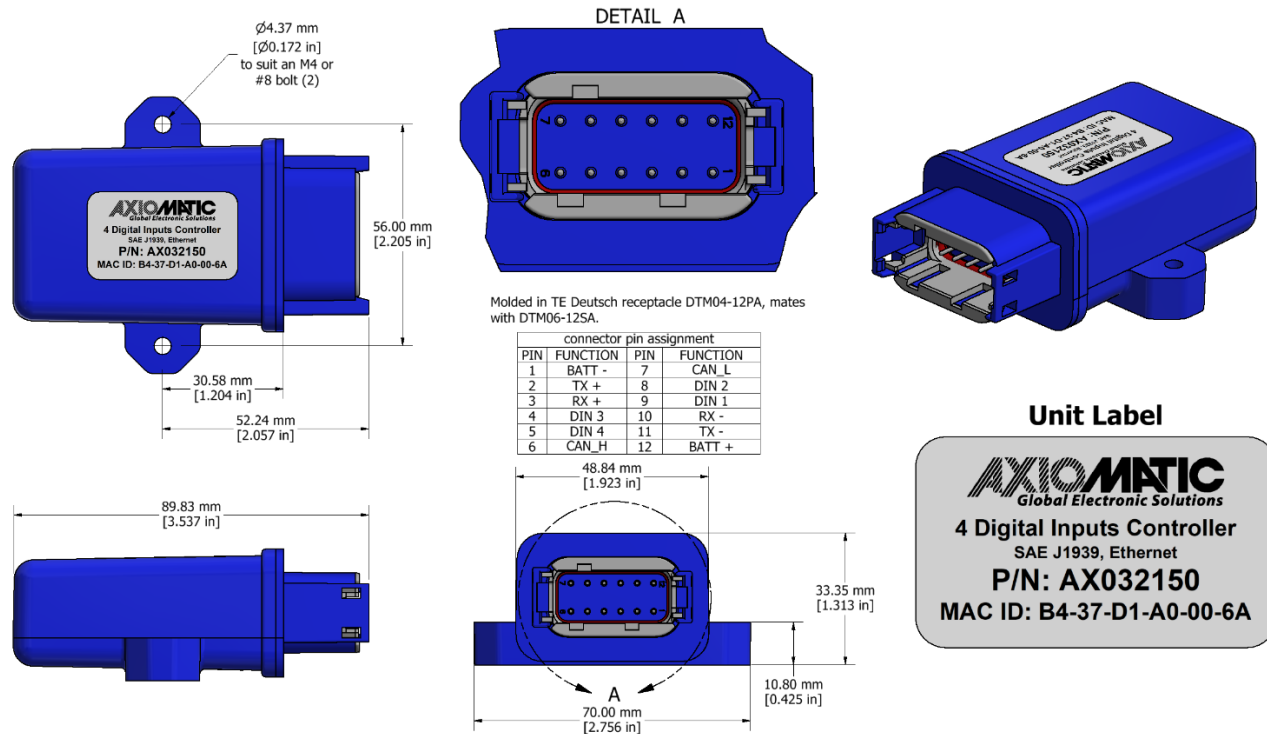


Figure 1 – Controller Dimensions and Label

(Grey) Connector	
Pin #	Function
1	Battery -
2	Ethernet TX +
3	Ethernet RX +
4	DIN #3
5	DIN #4
6	CAN Hi
7	CAN Lo
8	DIN #2
9	DIN #1
10	Ethernet RX -
11	Ethernet TX -
12	Battery +

Table 9 - AX032150 Connector Pinout

### 3. OVERVIEW OF J1939 FEATURES

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The software was designed to provide flexibility to the user with respect to messages sent from the ECU by providing:

- Configurable ECU Instance in the NAME (to allow multiple ECUs on the same network)
- Configurable Input Parameters
- Configurable PGN and Data Parameters
- Configurable Diagnostic Messaging Parameters, as required
- Diagnostic Log, maintained in non-volatile memory

#### 3.1. Introduction to Supported Messages

The ECU is compliant with the standard SAE J1939, and supports following PGNs from the standard.

##### From J1939-21 – Data Link Layer

- |  |            |          |
|--|------------|----------|
| • Request                                    | 59904      | 0x00EA00 |
| • Acknowledgement                            | 59392      | 0x00E800 |
| • Transport Protocol – Connection Management | 60416      | 0x00EC00 |
| • Transport Protocol – Data Transfer Message | 60160      | 0x00EB00 |
| • Proprietary B                              | from 65280 | 0x00FF00 |
|  | to 65535   | 0x00FFFF |

##### From J1939-73 – Diagnostics

- |  |       |          |
|--|-------|----------|
| • DM1 – Active Diagnostic Trouble Codes                        | 65226 | 0x00FECA |
| • DM2 – Previously Active Diagnostic Trouble Codes             | 65227 | 0x00FECB |
| • DM3 – Diagnostic Data Clear/Reset for Previously Active DTCs | 65228 | 0x00FECC |
| • DM11 – Diagnostic Data Clear/Reset for Active DTCs           | 65235 | 0x00FED3 |

##### From J1939-81 – Network Management

- |                                |       |          |
|--------------------------------|-------|----------|
| • Address Claimed/Cannot Claim | 60928 | 0x00EE00 |
| • Commanded Address            | 65240 | 0x00FED8 |

##### From J1939-71 – Vehicle Application Layer

- |                                  |       |          |
|----------------------------------|-------|----------|
| • ECU Identification Information | 64965 | 0x00FDC5 |
| • Software Identification        | 65242 | 0x00FEDA |
| • Component Identification       | 65259 | 0x00FEEB |

None of the application layer PGNs are supported as part of the default configurations, but they can be selected as desired for transmit function blocks.

Setpoints are accessed using standard Memory Access Protocol (MAP) with proprietary addresses. The Axiomatic Electronic Assistant (EA) allows for quick and easy configuration of the unit over CAN network.

### 3.2. NAME, Address and Identification Information

The 4DIN-ENET-CAN ECU has the following default for the J1939 NAME. The user should refer to the SAE J1939/81 standard for more information on these parameters and their ranges.

Arbitrary Address Capable	Yes
Industry Group	0, Global
Vehicle System Instance	0
Vehicle System	0, Non-specific system
Function	126, Axiomatic I/O Controller
Function Instance	22, Axiomatic AX032150
ECU Instance	0, First Instance
Manufacture Code	162, Axiomatic Technologies
Identity Number	Variable, uniquely assigned during factory programming for each ECU

The ECU Instance is a configurable setpoint associated with the NAME. Changing this value will allow multiple ECUs of this type to be distinguishable from one another when they are connected on the same network.

The default value of the “ECU Address” setpoint is 128 (0x80), which is the preferred starting address for self-configurable ECUs as set by the SAE in J1939 tables B3 and B7. The Axiomatic EA supports the selection of any address between 0 and 253. ***It is user’s responsibility to select an address that complies with the standard.*** The user must also be aware that since the unit is arbitrary address capable, if another ECU with a higher priority NAME contends for the selected address, the 10 Analog input will continue select the next highest address until it finds one that it can claim. See J1939/81 for more details about address claiming.



## ECU Identification Information

PGN 64965		ECU Identification Information		-ECUID
Transmission Repetition Rate:		On request		
Data Length:		Variable		
Extended Data Page:		0		
Data Page:		0		
PDU Format:		253		
PDU Specific:		197 PGN Supporting Information:		
Default Priority:		6		
Parameter Group Number:		64965 (0x00FDC5)		
Start Position	Length	Parameter Name	SPN	
a	Variable	ECU Part Number, Delimiter (ASCII "**")	2901	
b	Variable	ECU Serial Number, Delimiter (ASCII "**")	2902	
c	Variable	ECU Location, Delimiter (ASCII "**")	2903	
d	Variable	ECU Type, Delimiter (ASCII "**")	2904	
e	Variable	ECU Manufacturer Name, Delimiter (ASCII "**")	4304	
(a)*(b)*(c)*(d)*(e)*				

## Software Identifier

PGN 65242		Software Identification		-SOFT
Transmission Repetition Rate:		On request		
Data Length:		Variable		
Extended Data Page:		0		
Data Page:		0		
PDU Format:		254		
PDU Specific:		218 PGN Supporting Information:		
Default Priority:		6		
Parameter Group Number:		65242 (0x00FEDA)		
Start Position	Length	Parameter Name	SPN	
1	1 Byte	Number of software identification fields	965	
2-n	Variable	Software identification(s), Delimiter (ASCII "**")	234	

Byte 1 is set to 5, and the identification fields are as follows.

<b>(Part Number)*(Version)*(Date)*(Owner)*(Description)</b>
---

The Axiomatic EA shows all this information in "General ECU Information", as shown in **Error! Reference source not found.** *Note: The information provided in the Software ID is available for any J1939 service tool which supports the PGN -SOFT*

## Component Identification

PGN 65259		Component Identification	-CI
Transmission Repetition Rate:		On request	
Data Length:		Variable	
Extended Data Page:		0	
Data Page:		0	
PDU Format:		254	
PDU Specific:		235 PGN Supporting Information:	
Default Priority:		6	
Parameter Group Number:		65259 (0x00FEEB)	
Start Position	Length	Parameter Name	SPN
a	1-5 Byte	Make, Delimiter (ASCII “*”)	586
b	Variable	Model, Delimiter (ASCII “*”)	587
c	Variable	Serial Number, Delimiter (ASCII “*”)	588
d	Variable	Unit Number (Power Unit), Delimiter (ASCII “*”)	233
(a)*(b)*(c)*(d)*(e)*			

## 4. ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS AND CONTROLLER CONFIGURATION

---

The 4DIN-ENET-CAN controller supports input status reporting to Ethernet as TCP frames and configuration of the main parameters from Ethernet port using standard web browser.

### 4.1. Input status frames

The digital input status is sent as a proprietary TCP frame. A client can listen to these frames by initiating a TCP connection to port 4000 on the 4DIN-ENET-CAN. These custom messages are sent on input status changes. One message with the current status is sent upon opening the connection.

The *Message Header* contains:

4-byte *Axiomatic Tag*, AXIO in capital letters

2-byte *Protocol ID*, 19030 = 0x4A56

2-byte *Message ID*

1-byte *Message Version*, 0 (for future use)

2-byte *Message Data Length*

The proprietary messaging protocol *Message Header* format is presented below.

Octet	0	1	2	3
<i>Offset Octet</i>				
0	<b>A</b> 0x41	<b>X</b> 0x58	<b>I</b> 0x49	<b>O</b> 0x4F
	Axiomatic Tag			
4	<b>0x56</b>	<b>0x4A</b>	Message ID	
	Protocol ID (19030)			
8	<b>0x00</b>	Message Data Length		Message Data
	Message Version=0			

**Table 10 – TCP message header format**

The *Axiomatic Tag* is used for the message header identification.

The *Protocol ID* defines a proprietary protocol carried by this message. This field allows different protocols to use the same protocol independent message structure. The AX032150 uses Protocol ID = 0x4A56

The *Message ID* defines the type of the Message Data:

Message ID	Message name
0	Undefined message
1	Digital input state byte
2	Measured input data

**Table 11 – TCP message IDs**

The message data in a frame with Message ID == 1 is an one byte value with current input states:

Bit in Message Data Byte	
0	Input #1 state
1	Input #2 state
2	Input #3 state
3	Input #4 state

**Table 12 – TCP message data bytes**

The message data in a frame with Message ID == 2 is one 16 bit value per input reporting the current input measurement:

16bit word in Message Data	
0	Measured Input #1 value
1	Measured Input #2 value
2	Measured Input #3 value
3	Measured Input #4 value

**Table 13 – TCP message data values**

In case all four Digital Inputs are configured to read in Digital ON/OFF values, the Status Byte message will be sent (Message ID == 1).

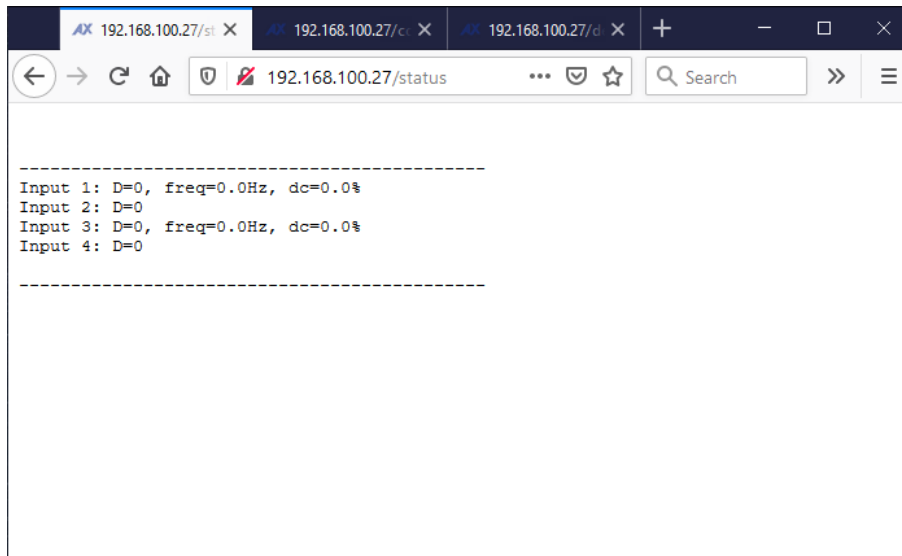
In case one or more of the inputs are configured to read in some other value, then the longer input measurement result message (Message ID == 2) is automatically sent.

## 4.2. Parameter editing

The 4DIN-ENET-CAN has a web server running on TCP port 80. This web server has the following pages implemented:

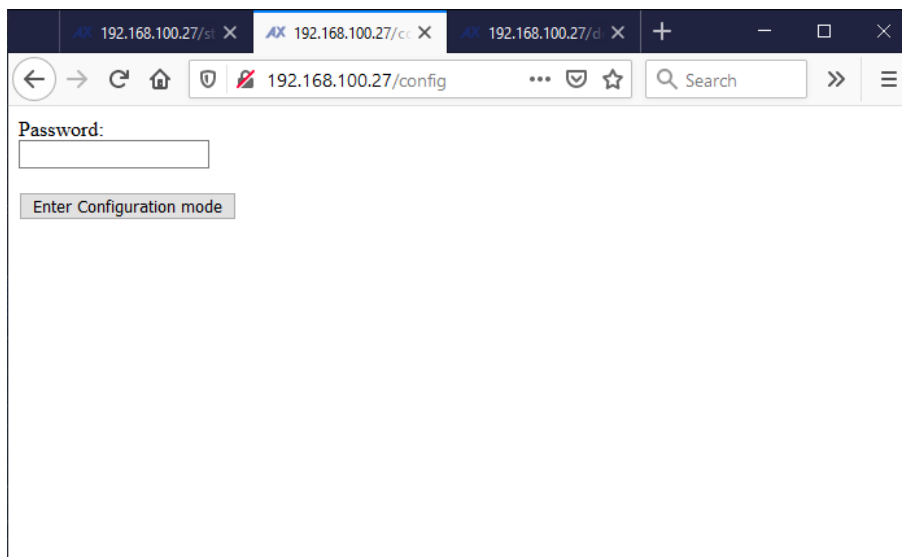
### <configured ip>/status

This page shows the current status of the digital inputs.



### <configured ip>/config

The configuration page asks for a password. The default password is 'AX032150' (this is case sensitive).



When the correct password is entered, the configuration page is opened. The settings can be applied by clicking the button at the bottom of the page. In case the user doesn't want to change settings, the connection can be closed.

The configuration page allows the user to modify the device's IP address, port and netmask settings and main configuration parameters for the Digital Inputs.

**Local IP settings**

IP address  
192.168.100.27

Port  
4000

Netmask  
255.255.255.0

**Remote IP settings**

IP address  
192.168.100.12

Port  
4001

**Input 1**

Type  
pwm duty cycle (below 1kHz)

Pull Up/Down  
pull down

Active level  
active high

SW debounce filter  
0ms

**Input 2**

### <configured ip>/defaults

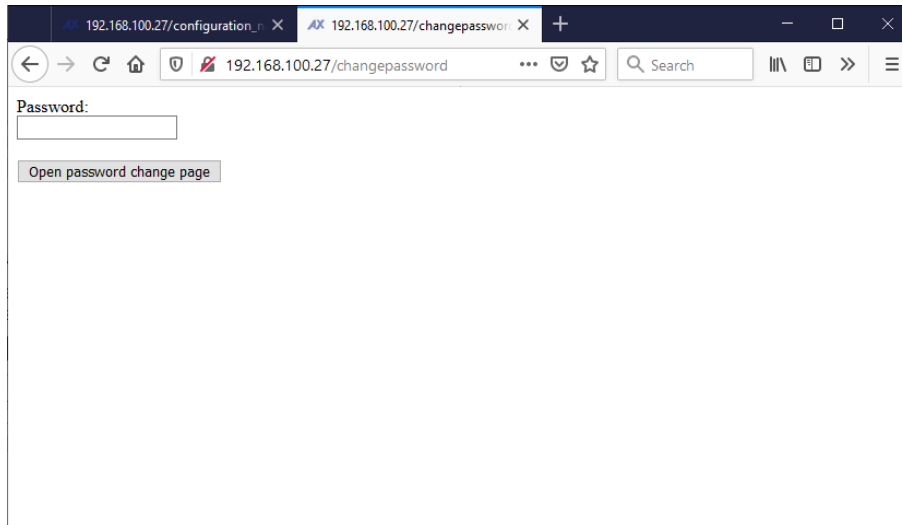
The controller can be reverted to default settings using the '/defaults' page. The default password is 'AX032150' (also case sensitive).

Password:

Default settings

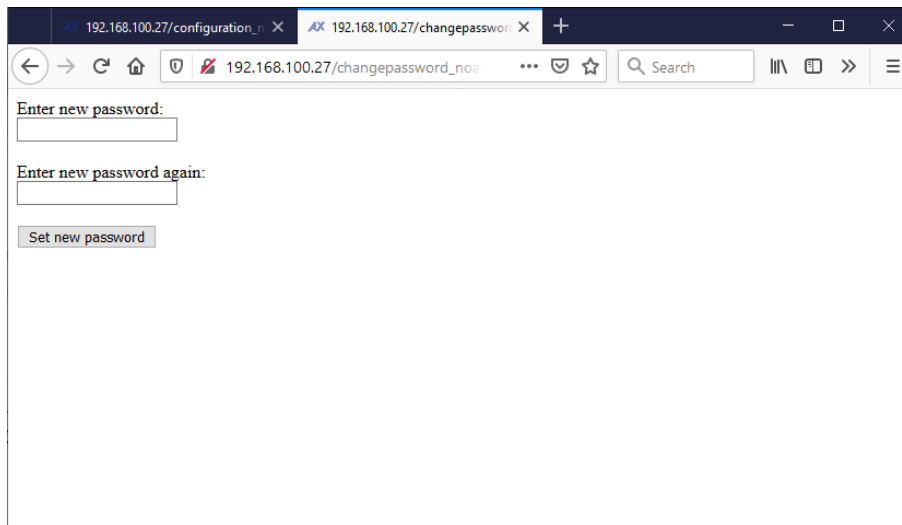
## <configured ip>/changepassword

The configuration password can be changed using the '/changepassword' page. The default password is 'AX032150' (also case sensitive).



A screenshot of a web browser window showing the configuration page for changing the password. The address bar displays '192.168.100.27/changepassword'. The page content includes a 'Password:' label, an empty text input field, and a button labeled 'Open password change page'.

Once a correct password is entered, the password modification dialog will open.



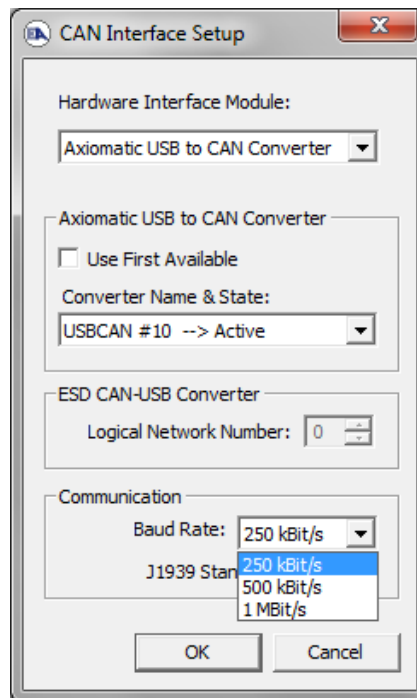
A screenshot of a web browser window showing the password modification dialog. The address bar displays '192.168.100.27/changepassword\_no...'. The page content includes two input fields: 'Enter new password:' and 'Enter new password again:', followed by a button labeled 'Set new password'.

## 5. ECU SETPOINTS ACCESSED WITH THE AXIOMATIC ELECTRONIC ASSISTANT

This section describes in detail each setpoint, and their default and ranges. The setpoints are divided into setpoint groups as they are shown in the Axiomatic EA. For more information on how each setpoint is used by 4DIN-ENET-CAN, refer to the relevant section in this user manual.

### 5.1. Accessing the ECU Using the Axiomatic EA

ECU with P/N AX032150 does not need any specific setup for the Axiomatic EA. To access the AX032150 ECU, the CAN bus Baud Rate needs to be set accordingly. The CAN Interface Setup can be found from “Options” menu in the EA.





## 5.2. J1939 Setpoints

“ECU Instance Number” and “ECU Address” setpoints and their effect are defined in section 3.2.

Name	Range	Default	Notes
ECU Instance Number	0-7	0x00	Per J1939-81
ECU Address	0-253	0x80	Preferred address for a self-configurable ECU

**Table 14 – J1939 Setpoints**

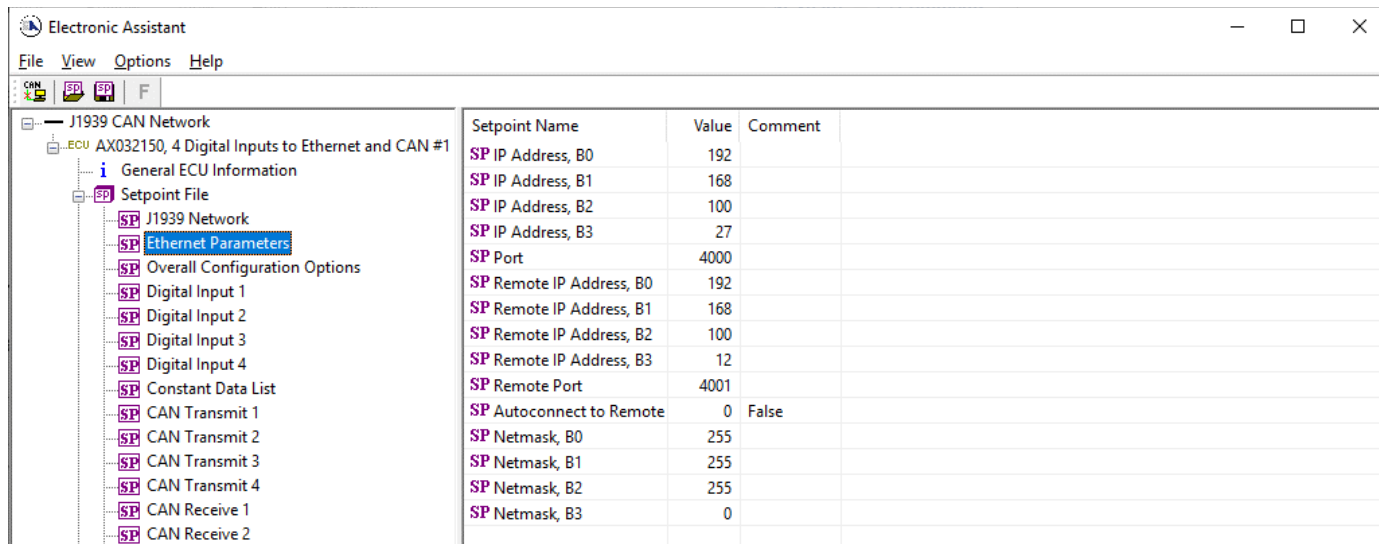
If non-default values for the “ECU Instance Number” or “ECU Address” are used, they will be mirrored during a setpoint file flashing, and will only take effect once the entire file has been downloaded to the unit. After the setpoint flashing is complete, the unit will claim the new address and/or re-claim the address with the new NAME. If these setpoints are changing, it is recommended to close and re-open the CAN connection on the Axiomatic EA after the file is loaded, such that only the new NAME and address appear in the J1939 CAN Network ECU list.

Setpoint Name	Value	Comment
SP ECU Address	0X80	Reserved for future assignment by SAE, but available for use by self configurable ECUs
SP ECU Instance Number	0X00	#1 - First Instance

**Figure 2 - Screen Capture of J1939 Setpoints**

### 5.3. Ethernet Parameter Setpoints

The Ethernet parameters can be configured using the Axiomatic EA. A power cycle is needed to use the new settings.



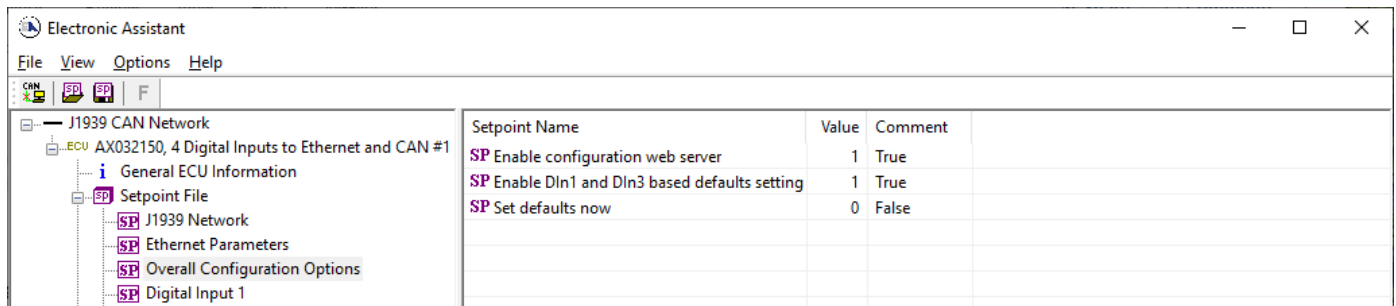
**Figure 3 – Screen Capture of Ethernet Parameter Setpoints**

Name	Range	Default	Notes
IP Address, B0	0...255	192	These settings define an IP address 192.168.100.27
IP Address, B1	0...255	168	
IP Address, B2	0...255	100	
IP Address, B3	0...255	27	
Port	0...65535	4000	The default port for input status frames.
Remote IP Address, B0	0...255	192	These settings define an IP address 192.168.100.12
Remote IP Address, B1	0...255	168	
Remote IP Address, B2	0...255	100	
Remote IP Address, B3	0...255	12	
Remote Port	0...65535	4001	
Autoconnect to Remote	Drop list	0 – False	
Netmask, B0	0...255	255	These settings define a netmask 255.255.255.0
Netmask, B1	0...255	255	
Netmask, B2	0...255	255	
Netmask, B3	0...255	0	

**Table 15 – Ethernet Parameter Setpoints**

## 5.4. Overall Configuration Option Setpoints

There are a few overall configuration options that can be used for enabling some special features.



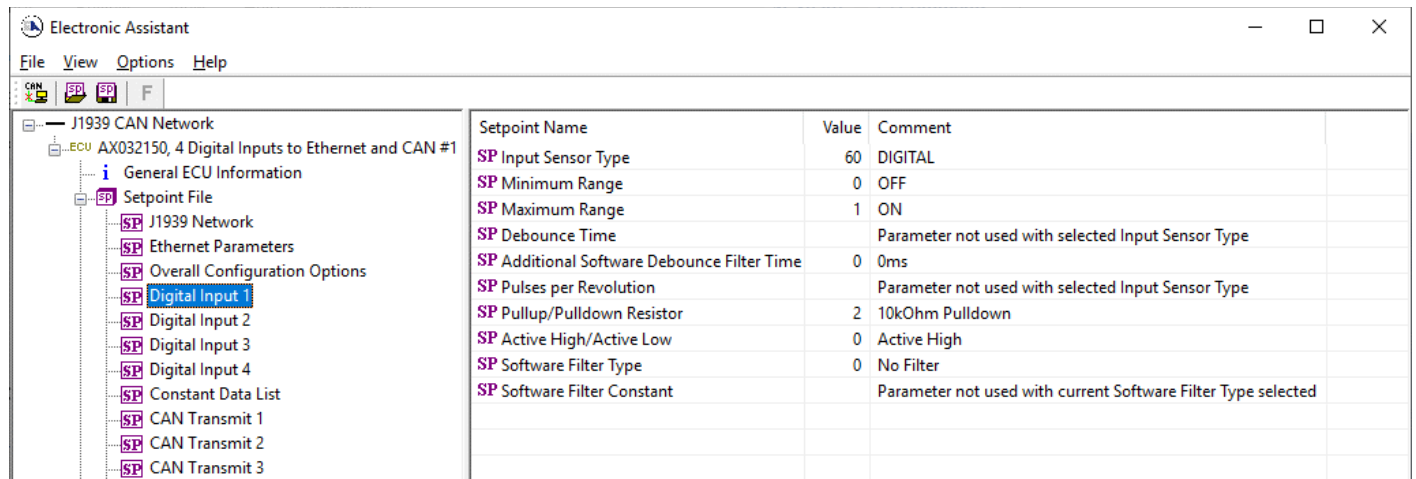
**Figure 4 – Screen Capture of Overall Configuration Option Setpoints**

Name	Range	Default	Notes
Enable configuration web server	Drop list	True	
Enable Din1 and Din3 based defaults setting	Drop list	False	If this is set to True, sourcing 500Hz PWM signal with 50% duty cycle for 10 seconds to DIn #1 and DIn #3 will revert all settings to defaults and reset the controller.
Set defaults now	Drop list	False	This setpoint is password protected. The password is ' <b>SetDefaults</b> '.

**Table 16 – Overall Configuration Option Setpoints**

## 5.5. Input Setpoints

The Inputs are defined in section 0. Please refer there for detailed information about how all these setpoints are used.



**Figure 5 – Screen Capture of Input Setpoints**

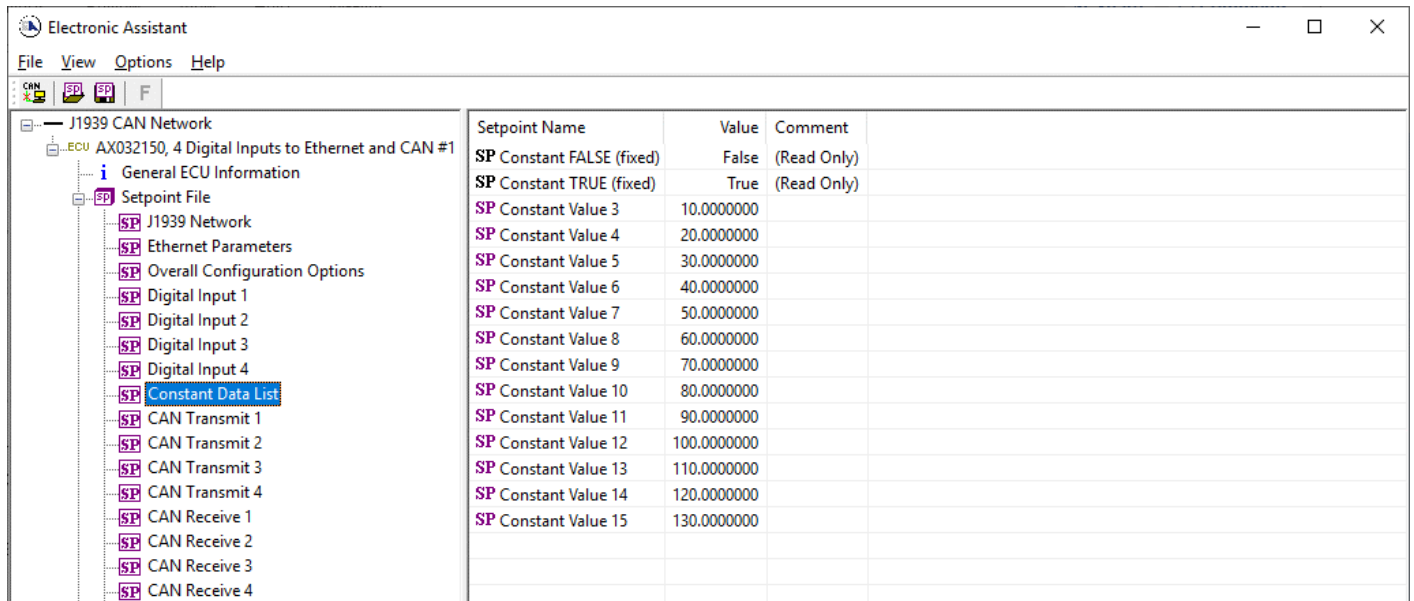
Name	Range	Default	Notes
Input Sensor Type	Drop List	DIGITAL INPUT	See Table 1
Minimum Range	Limit to Maximum Range	0	
Maximum Range	Minimum Range to Limit	1	
Debounce Time	Drop List	None	See Table 3
Additional Software Debounce Filter Time	Drop List	0ms	See Table 4
Pulses per Revolution	Drop List	FALSE	See Section 0
Pullup/Pulldown Resistor	Drop List	10kΩ pulldown	See Table 5
Active High/Active Low	Drop List	Active High	See Table 6
Software Filter Type	Drop List	No Filtering	See section 1.2
Software Filter Constant	1..1000	1	See section 1.2

**Table 17 – Input Setpoints**

## 5.6. Constant Data List

The Constant Data List Function Block is provided to allow the user to select values as desired for various logic block functions.

The first two constants are fixed values of 0 (False) and 1 (True) for use in binary logic. The remaining 13 constants are fully user programmable to any value between +/- 1 000 000. The default values (shown in Figure 6) are arbitrary and should be configured by the user as appropriate for their application.



The screenshot shows the Electronic Assistant software interface. The left pane displays a tree view of the J1939 CAN Network configuration, with 'Constant Data List' selected. The right pane shows a table of setpoints.

Setpoint Name	Value	Comment
SP Constant FALSE (fixed)	False	(Read Only)
SP Constant TRUE (fixed)	True	(Read Only)
SP Constant Value 3	10.0000000	
SP Constant Value 4	20.0000000	
SP Constant Value 5	30.0000000	
SP Constant Value 6	40.0000000	
SP Constant Value 7	50.0000000	
SP Constant Value 8	60.0000000	
SP Constant Value 9	70.0000000	
SP Constant Value 10	80.0000000	
SP Constant Value 11	90.0000000	
SP Constant Value 12	100.0000000	
SP Constant Value 13	110.0000000	
SP Constant Value 14	120.0000000	
SP Constant Value 15	130.0000000	

Figure 6 – Screen Capture of Constant Data List Setpoints

## 5.7. CAN Transmit Setpoints

CAN Transmit Message Function Block is presented in Section 1.3.1. Please refer there for detailed information how these setpoints are used. **“Transmit Repetition Rate”** is 0ms by default, thus no message will be sent.

The screenshot shows the Electronic Assistant software interface. On the left, a tree view displays the configuration structure for ECU AX032150, with 'CAN Transmit 1' selected. On the right, a table lists the setpoints for this function block.

Setpoint Name	Value	Comment
SP Transmit PGN	0xFF80	Transmit PGN: 65408
SP Transmit Repetition Rate	0	ms
SP Transmit Message Priority	6	
SP Destination Address (PDU1)	255	Destination ECU Address: 0xFF
SP Signal 1 Data Source	2	Input Measured
SP Signal 1 Data Number	1	Input Measured #1
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Type	2	CAN signal continuous
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Width	8	
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Index in Array (LSB)	0	1st Byte Position
SP Signal 1 Transmit Bit Index in Byte (LSB)	0	1st Bit Position
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Resolution	1.0000000	
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Offset	0.0000000	
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Minimum	0.0000000	
SP Signal 1 Transmit Data Maximum	250.0000000	
SP Signal 2 Data Source	0	Control Not Used
SP Signal 2 Data Number		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Type		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Width		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Index in Array (LSB)		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Bit Index in Byte (LSB)		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Resolution		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Offset		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Minimum		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 2 Transmit Data Maximum		Parameter not used with current Data Source
SP Signal 3 Data Source	0	Control Not Used

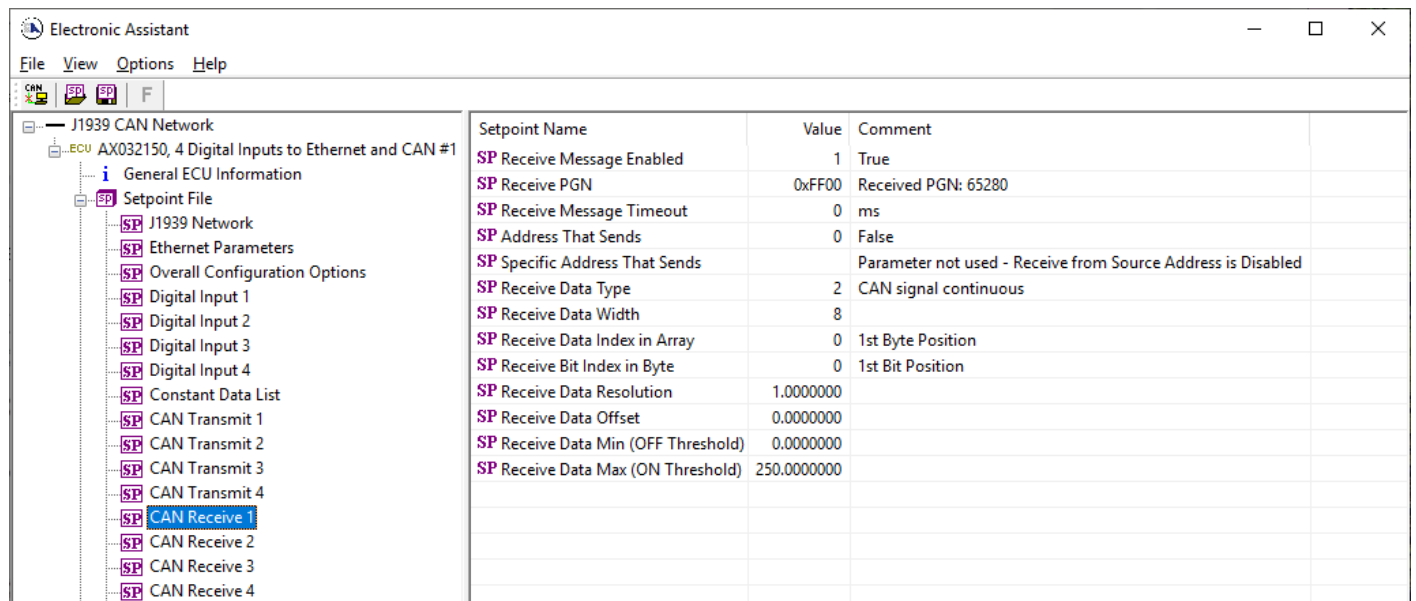
Figure 7 - Screen Capture of CAN Transmit Message Setpoints

Name	Range	Default	Notes
Transmit PGN	0xff00 ... 0xffff	Different for each	See Section 1.3.1
Transmit Repetition Rate	0 ... 65000 ms	0ms	0ms disables transmit
Transmit Message Priority	0...7	6	Proprietary B Priority
Destination Address	0...255	255	Not used by default
Signal 1 Control Source	Drop List	Different for each	See Table 8
Signal 1 Control Number	Drop List	Different for each	See 1.3.2
Signal 1 Transmit Data Type	Drop List	Continuous	
Signal 1 Transmit Data Width	1-32	16	
Signal 1 Transmit Data Index in Array	0-7	0	
Signal 1 Transmit Bit Index In Byte	0-7	0	
Signal 1 Transmit Data Resolution	-100000.0 to 100000	0.001	
Signal 1 Transmit Data Offset	-10000 to 10000	0.0	
Signal 2 Control Source	Drop List	Signal undefined	See Table 8
Signal 2 Control Number	Drop List	Signal undefined	See 1.3.2
Signal 2 Transmit Data Type	Drop List	Continuous	
Signal 2 Transmit Data Width	1-32	16	
Signal 2 Transmit Data Index in Array	0-7	2	
Signal 2 Transmit Bit Index In Byte	0-7	0	
Signal 2 Transmit Data Resolution	-100000.0 to 100000	0.001	
Signal 2 Transmit Data Offset	-10000 to 10000	0.0	
Signal 3 Control Source	Drop List	Signal undefined	See Table 8
Signal 3 Control Number	Drop List	Signal undefined	See 1.3.2
Signal 3 Transmit Data Type	Drop List	Continuous	
Signal 3 Transmit Data Width	1-32	16	
Signal 3 Transmit Data Index in Array	0-7	4	
Signal 3 Transmit Bit Index In Byte	0-7	0	
Signal 3 Transmit Data Resolution	-100000.0 to 100000	0.001	
Signal 3 Transmit Data Offset	-10000 to 10000	0.0	
Signal 4 Control Source	Drop List	Signal undefined	See Table 8
Signal 4 Control Number	Drop List	Signal undefined	See 1.3.2
Signal 4 Transmit Data Type	Drop List	Continuous	
Signal 4 Transmit Data Width	1-32	16	
Signal 4 Transmit Data Index in Array	0-7	6	
Signal 4 Transmit Bit Index In Byte	0-7	0	
Signal 4 Transmit Data Resolution	-100000.0 to 100000	0.001	
Signal 4 Transmit Data Offset	-10000 to 10000	0.0	

**Table 18 – CAN Transmit Message Setpoints**

## 5.8. CAN Receive Setpoints

The Math Function Block is defined in Section 1.3.2. Please refer there for detailed information about how these setpoints are used.



**Figure 8 - Screen Capture of CAN Receive Message Setpoints**

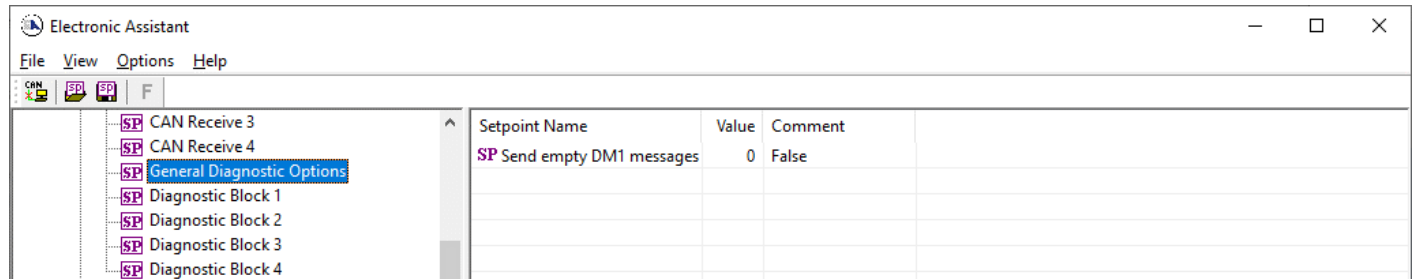
Name	Range	Default	Notes
Received Message Enabled	Drop List	False	
Received PGN	0 to 65536	Different for each	
Received Message Timeout	0 to 60 000	0ms	
Specific Address that sends PGN	Drop List	False	
Address That Sends	0 to 255	254 (0xFE, Null Addr)	
Receive Transmit Data Type	Drop List	Continuous	
Receive Transmit Data Width	1-32	8	
Receive Transmit Data Index in Array	0-7	0	
Receive Transmit Bit Index In Byte	0-7	0	
Receive Transmit Data Resolution	-100000.0 to 100000	1.0	
Receive Transmit Data Offset	-10000 to 10000	0.0	
Receive Data Min (Off Threshold)	-1000000 to Max	0.0	
Receive Data Max (On Threshold)	Min to 100000	250.0	

**Table 19 – CAN Receive Setpoints**



## 5.9. General Diagnostics Options

These setpoints control the shutdown of the ECU in case of CPU temperature related errors and whether to send DM1 messages when no errors are detected.



**Figure 9 - Screen Capture of General Diagnostics Options Setpoints**

Name	Range	Default	Notes
Send Empty DM1 Messages	Drop List	False	

**Table 20 – General Diagnostics Options Setpoints**

## 5.10. Diagnostics Blocks

There are 4 Diagnostics blocks that can be configured to monitor various parameters of the Controller.

The screenshot shows the 'Electronic Assistant' software interface. On the left, a tree view displays the configuration structure for 'J1939 CAN Network' and 'ECU AX032150, 4 Digital Inputs to Ethernet and CAN #1'. The 'Diagnostic Block 1' is selected. The main area displays a table of setpoints for this block.

Setpoint Name	Value	Comment
SP Fault Detection is Enabled	1	True
SP Function Type to Monitor	2	Input Measured
SP Function Parameter to Monitor	1	Input Measured #1
SP Enable Source	0	Control Not Used
SP Enable Number		Parameter not used with current Enable Source selected
SP Enable Response		Parameter not used with current Enable Source selected
SP Fault Detection Type	1	Min and Max Error
SP Maximum Value for Diagnostic Data	10.00	
SP Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data	0.00	
SP Use Hysteresis When Defining Thresholds	0	False
SP Hysteresis		Parameter not used - Hysteresis not used when defining thresholds
SP Event Cleared Only by DM11	0	False
SP Set Limit for MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN	9.90	
SP Clear Limit for MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN	9.50	
SP Set Limit for MAXIMUM WARNING		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP Clear Limit for MAXIMUM WARNING		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP Clear Limit for MINIMUM WARNING		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP Set Limit for MINIMUM WARNING		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP Clear Limit for MINIMUM SHUTDOWN	0.50	
SP Set Limit for MINIMUM SHUTDOWN	0.10	
SP MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	1	True
SP MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Lamp Set by Event	1	Amber,Warning
SP MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, SPN for Event	0x007F000	SPN: 520192
SP MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, FMI for Event	31	Condition Exists
SP MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Delay Before Event is Flagged	1000	ms
SP MAXIMUM WARNING, Event Generates a DTC in DM1		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MAXIMUM WARNING, Lamp Set by Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MAXIMUM WARNING, SPN for Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MAXIMUM WARNING, FMI for Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MAXIMUM WARNING, Delay Before Event is Flagged		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM WARNING, Event Generates a DTC in DM1		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM WARNING, Lamp Set by Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM WARNING, SPN for Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM WARNING, FMI for Event		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM WARNING, Delay Before Event is Flagged		Parameter not used with current Fault Detection Type
SP MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	1	True
SP MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Lamp Set by Event	1	Amber,Warning
SP MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, SPN for Event	0x007F003	SPN: 520195
SP MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, FMI for Event	31	Condition Exists
SP MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Delay Before Event is Flagged	1000	ms

The status bar at the bottom indicates 'Ready' and a data rate of '250 kbit/s'.

Figure 10 - Screen Capture of Diagnostic Block Setpoints

Name	Range	Default	Notes
Fault Detection is Enabled	Drop List	False	
Function Type to Monitor	Drop List	0 – Control not used	
Function parameter to Monitor	Drop List	0 – No selection	
Fault Detection Type	Drop List	1 – Min and Max Error	
Maximum Value for Diagnostic Data	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... 4.28e <sup>9</sup>	5.0	
Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data	0.0 ... Maximum Value for Diagnostic Data	0.0	
Use Hysteresis When Defining Thresholds	Drop List	False	
Hysteresis	0.0 ... Maximum Value for Diagnostic Data	0.0	
Event Cleared only by DM11	Drop List	False	
Set Limit for MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	9.90	
Clear Limit for MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	9.50	
Set Limit for MAXIMUM WARNING	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.0	
Clear Limit for MAXIMUM WARNING	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.0	
Clear Limit for MINIMUM WARNING	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.0	
Set Limit for MINIMUM WARNING	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.0	
Clear Limit for MINIMUM SHUTDOWN	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.50	
Set Limit for MINIMUM SHUTDOWN	Minimum Value for Diagnostic Data ... Maximum Value for Diagnostics Data	0.10	
MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	Drop List	True	
MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Lamp Set by Event	Drop List	1 – Amber, warning	
MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, SPN for Event	0...524287	520192 (\$7F000)	It is the user's responsibility to select an SPN that will not violate the J1939 standard.

MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, FMI for Event	Drop List	31, Condition exists	
MAXIMUM SHUTDOWN, Delay Before Event is Flagged	0...60000 ms	1000	
MAXIMUM WARNING, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	Drop List	True	
MAXIMUM WARNING, Lamp Set by Event	Drop List	1 – Amber, warning	
MAXIMUM WARNING, SPN for Event	0...524287	520193 (\$7F001)	It is the user's responsibility to select an SPN that will not violate the J1939 standard.
MAXIMUM WARNING, FMI for Event	Drop List	31, Condition exists	
MAXIMUM WARNING, Delay Before Event is Flagged	0...60000 ms	1000	
MINIMUM WARNING, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	Drop List	True	
MINIMUM WARNING, Lamp Set by Event	Drop List	1 – Amber, warning	
MAXIMUM WARNING, SPN for Event	0...524287	520194 (\$7F002)	It is the user's responsibility to select an SPN that will not violate the J1939 standard.
MINIMUM WARNING, FMI for Event	Drop List	31, Condition exists	
MINIMUM WARNING, Delay Before Event is Flagged	0...60000 ms	1000	
MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Event Generates a DTC in DM1	Drop List	True	
MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Lamp Set by Event	Drop List	1 – Amber, warning	
MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, SPN for Event	0...524287	520195 (\$7F003)	It is the user's responsibility to select an SPN that will not violate the J1939 standard.
MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, FMI for Event	Drop List	31, Condition exists	
MINIMUM SHUTDOWN, Delay Before Event is Flagged	0...60000 ms	1000	

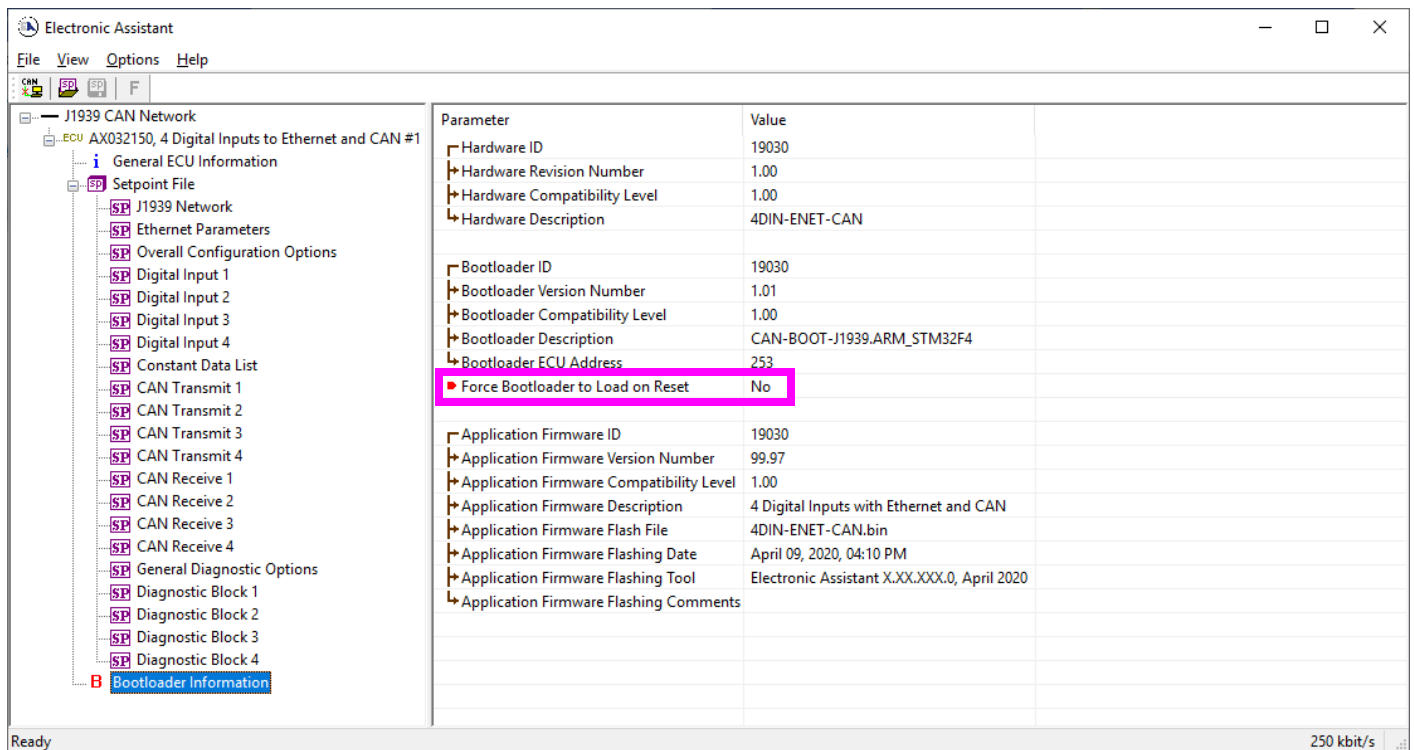
**Table 21 – Diagnostic Block Setpoints**

## 6. REFLASHING OVER CAN WITH THE AXIOMATIC EA BOOTLOADER

The AX032150 can be upgraded with new application firmware using the **Bootloader Information** section. This section details the simple step-by-step instructions to upload new firmware provided by Axiomatic onto the unit via CAN, without requiring it to be disconnected from the J1939 network.

*Note: To upgrade the firmware use Axiomatic Electronic Assistant V5.???.0 or higher.*

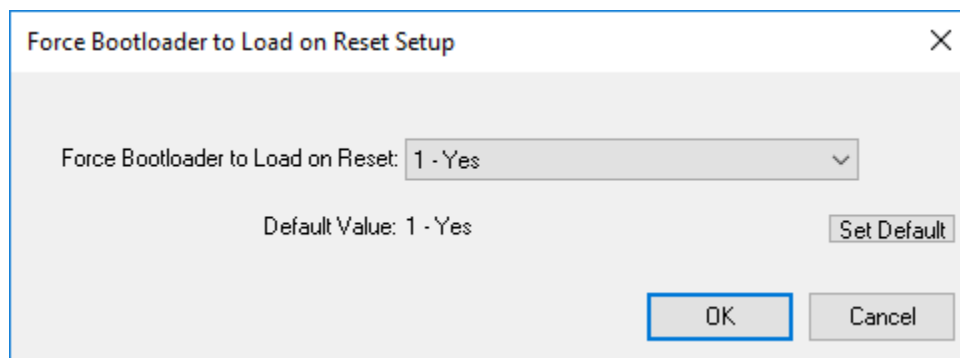
1. When the Axiomatic EA first connects to the ECU, the **Bootloader Information** section will display the following information:



The screenshot shows the Electronic Assistant software interface. The left sidebar displays a tree view of the ECU configuration, with 'Bootloader Information' selected. The main window displays a table of parameters and their values.

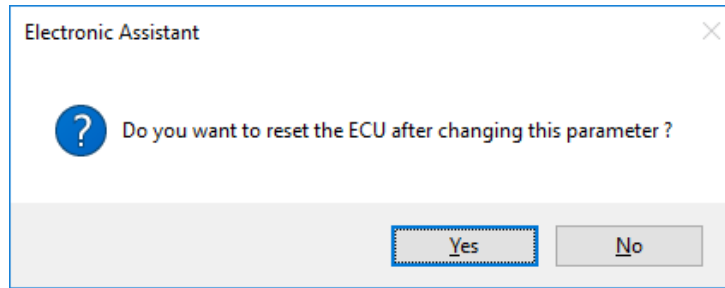
Parameter	Value
Hardware ID	19030
Hardware Revision Number	1.00
Hardware Compatibility Level	1.00
Hardware Description	4DIN-ENET-CAN
Bootloader ID	19030
Bootloader Version Number	1.01
Bootloader Compatibility Level	1.00
Bootloader Description	CAN-BOOT-J1939.ARM_STM32F4
Bootloader ECU Address	253
<b>Force Bootloader to Load on Reset</b>	<b>No</b>
Application Firmware ID	19030
Application Firmware Version Number	99.97
Application Firmware Compatibility Level	1.00
Application Firmware Description	4 Digital Inputs with Ethernet and CAN
Application Firmware Flash File	4DIN-ENET-CAN.bin
Application Firmware Flashing Date	April 09, 2020, 04:10 PM
Application Firmware Flashing Tool	Electronic Assistant X.XX.XXX.0, April 2020
Application Firmware Flashing Comments	

2. To use the bootloader to upgrade the firmware running on the ECU, change the variable “**Force Bootloader To Load on Reset**” to Yes.

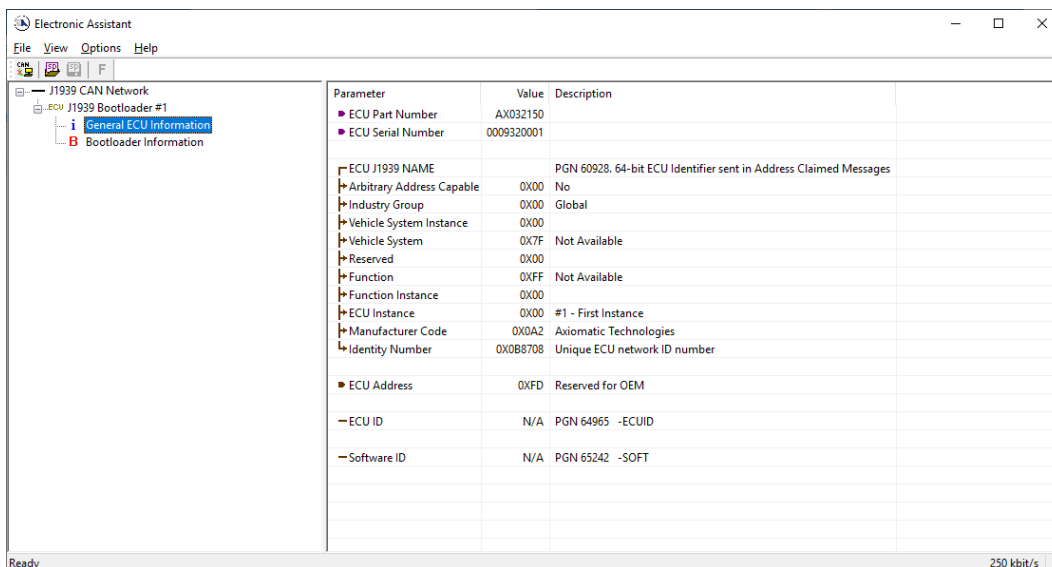
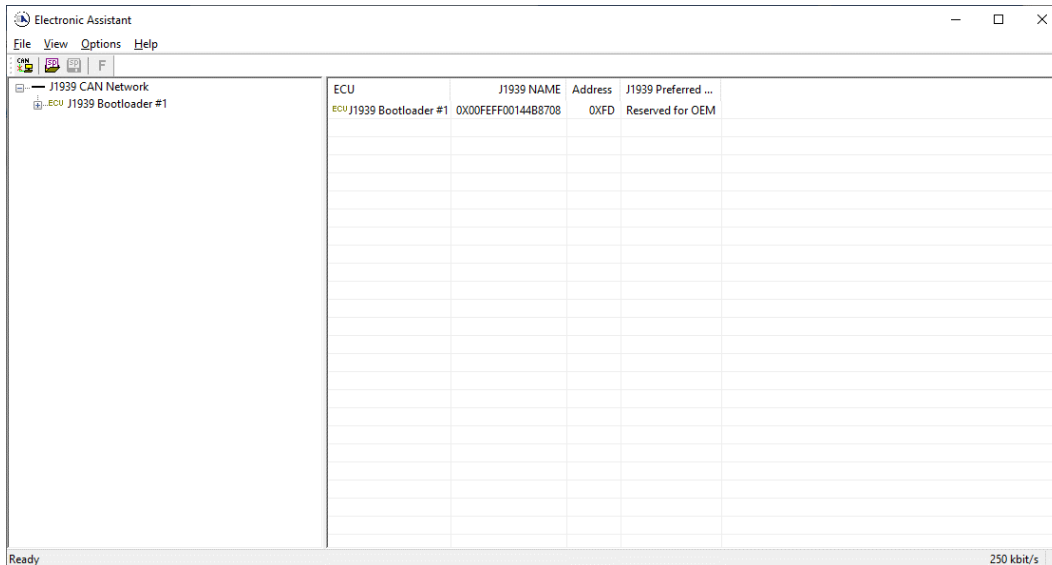


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled 'Force Bootloader to Load on Reset Setup'. It contains a dropdown menu for 'Force Bootloader to Load on Reset' set to '1 - Yes'. Below the dropdown, it shows 'Default Value: 1 - Yes' and a 'Set Default' button. At the bottom, there are 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

3. When the prompt box asks if you want to reset the ECU, select Yes.

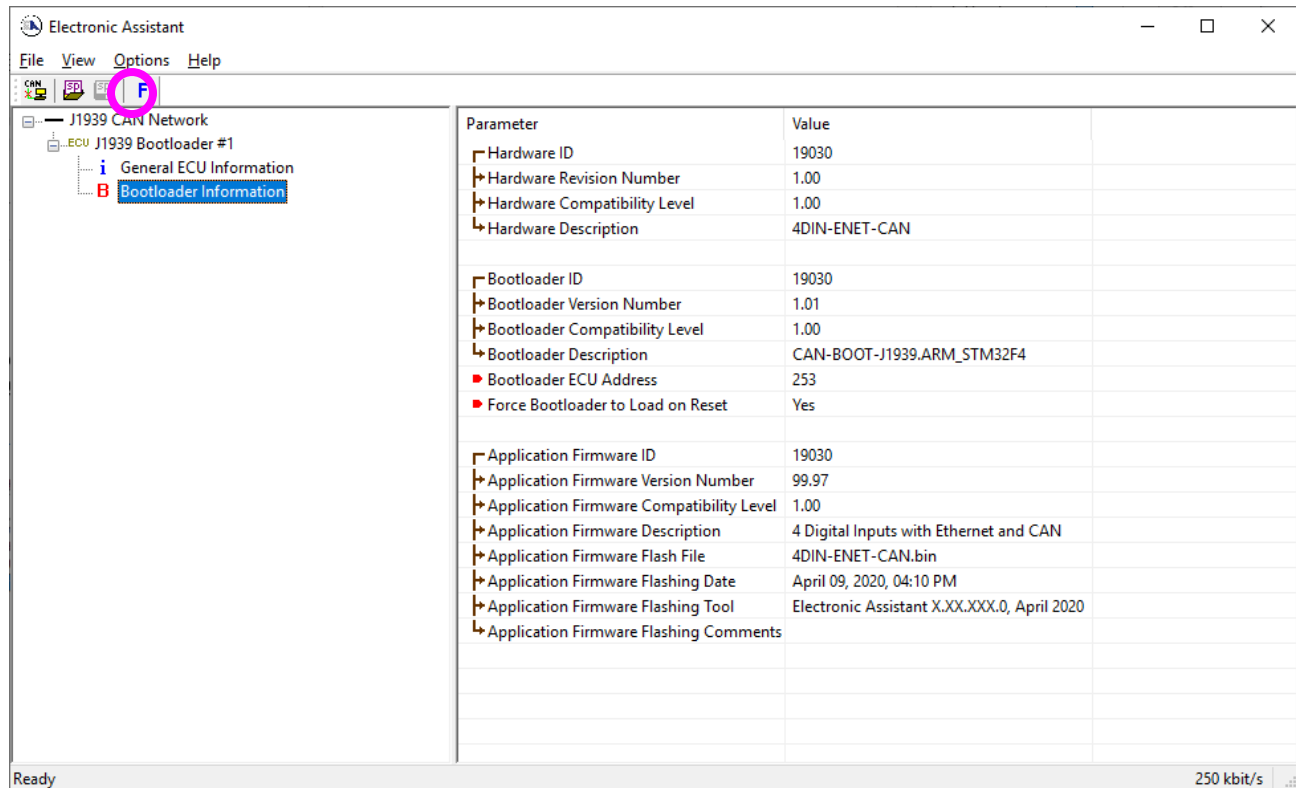


4. Upon reset, the ECU will no longer show up on the J1939 network as an AX032150 but rather as **J1939 Bootloader #1**.



*Note that the bootloader is NOT Arbitrary Address Capable. This means that if you want to have multiple bootloaders running simultaneously (not recommended) you would have to manually change the address for each one before activating the next, or there will be address conflicts. And only one ECU would show up as the bootloader. Once the 'active' bootloader returns to regular functionality, the other ECU(s) would have to be power cycled to re-activate the bootloader feature.*

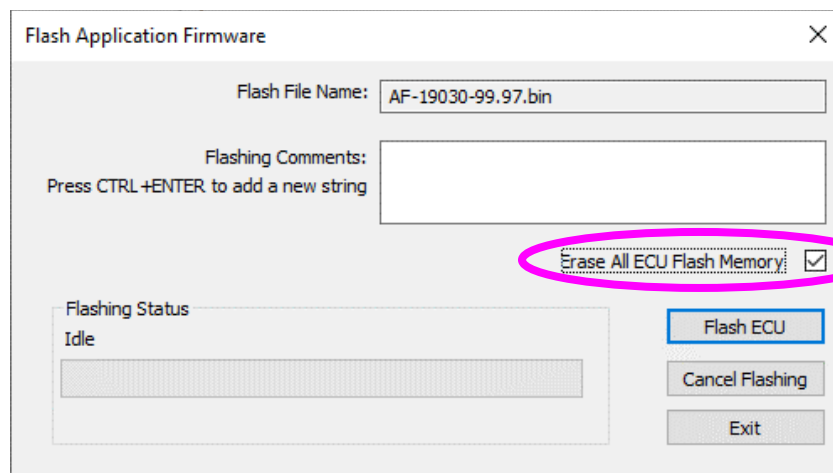
5. When the **Bootloader Information** section is selected, the same information is shown as when it was running the AX032150 firmware, but in this case the **Flashing** feature has been enabled.



6. Select the **Flashing** button and navigate to where you had saved the **AF-19030-x.xx.bin** file sent from Axiomatic. (Note: only binary (.bin) files can be flashed using the Axiomatic EA tool.)

7. Once the Flash Application Firmware window opens, you can enter comments such as “Firmware upgraded by [Name]” if you so desire. This is not required, and you can leave the field blank if you do not want to use it.

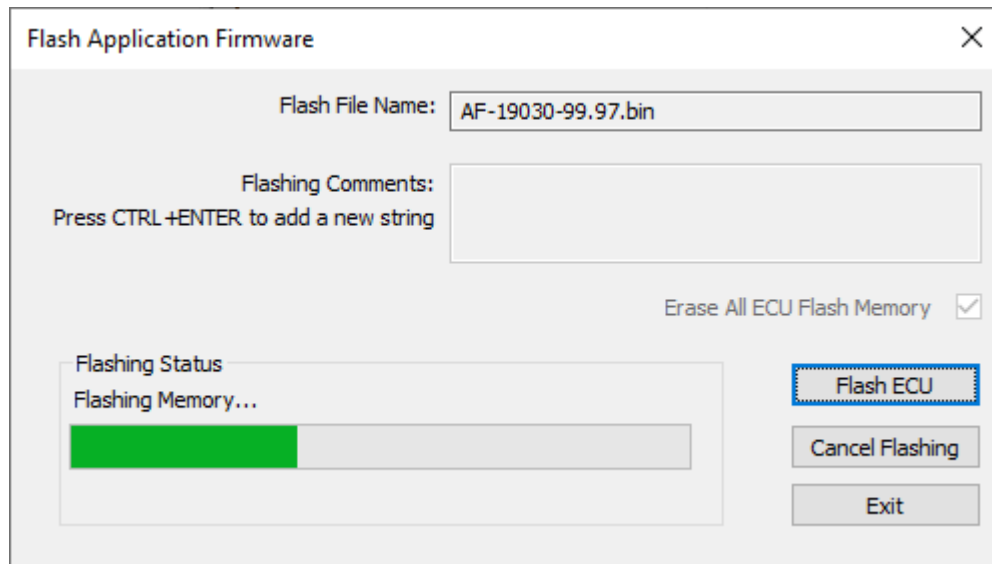
Note: You do not have to date stamp or timestamp the file, as the Axiomatic EA tool will automatically do all of this when you upload the new firmware.



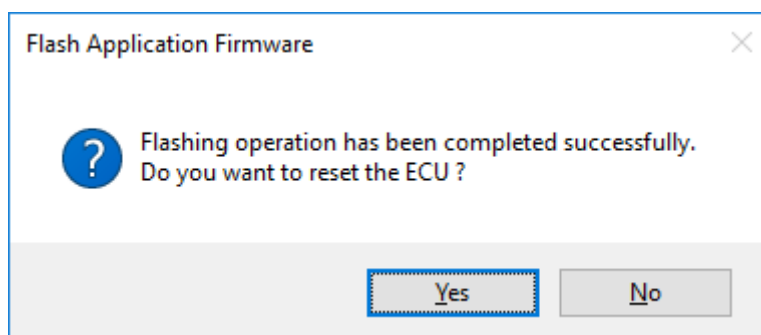


**NOTE:** It is good practice to tick the “Erase All ECU Flash Memory” box. Please note, that selecting this option will **erase ALL data stored in non-volatile flash**. It will also erase any configuration of the setpoints that might have been done to the ECU and reset all setpoints to their factory defaults. In case the controller contains custom settings, those settings need to be saved to PC before reflashing.

A progress bar will show how much of the firmware has been sent as the upload progresses. The more traffic there is on the J1939 network, the longer the upload process will take.



Once the firmware has finished uploading, a message will pop up indicating the successful operation. If you select to reset the ECU, the new version of the AX032150 application will start running, and the ECU will be identified as such by the Axiomatic EA. Otherwise, the next time the ECU is power-cycled, the AX032150 application will run rather than the bootloader function.







Note: If at any time during the upload the process is interrupted, the data is corrupted (bad checksum) or for any other reason the new firmware is not correct, i.e. bootloader detects that the file loaded was not designed to run on the hardware platform, the bad or corrupted application will not run. Rather, when the ECU is reset or power-cycled the **J1939 Bootloader** will continue to be the default application until valid firmware has been successfully uploaded into the unit.

## APPENDIX A - TECHNICAL SPECIFICATION

Specifications are indicative and subject to change. Actual performance will vary depending on the application and operating conditions. Users should satisfy themselves that the product is suitable for use in the intended application. All our products carry a limited warranty against defects in material and workmanship. Please refer to our Warranty, Application Approvals/Limitations and Return Materials Process as described on <https://www.axiomatic.com/service/>.

### Power Supply

Power Supply Input	12 Vdc or 24 Vdc nominal 9...36 Vdc power supply range
Protection	Reverse polarity protection is provided up to -50V. Under-voltage protection is provided with hardware shutdown at 4V. Over-voltage protection is provided with hardware shutdown at 41V.

### Inputs

Inputs	4 Digital Signal Inputs Active High or Active Low with user selectable pull-up (+5V)/pull-down (GND) through 10 kOhm resistor  Digital input pairs (1&2 and/or 3&4) can be configured as standard A & B Phase Encoder inputs Frequency range: 0-100 kHz Amplitude: 0-32V  The digital input return path should be connected to the Power Supply Negative pin.
Input Grounds	Provided

### General Specifications

Microprocessor	STM32F407VGT7, 32-bit, 1MByte flash memory
Typical Quiescent Current	60 mA @ 12Vdc; 30 mA @ 24Vdc Typical
CAN Communications	1 CAN port (SAE J1939) Model: AX032150 – 250 kbps baud rate
Control Logic	Refer to the user manual.
Ethernet	One 10/100 Mbit Ethernet port 10BASE-T 100BASE-Tx (Auto-configuration and full duplex is supported.) Auto-MDIX
Software Reflashing	Via the Axiomatic Electronic Assistant KIT, P/Ns: <b>AX070502</b> or <b>AX070506K</b>
User Interface	The Axiomatic Electronic Assistant, P/Ns: <b>AX070502</b> or <b>AX070506K</b> , for <i>Windows</i> operating systems comes with a royalty-free license for use on multiple computers. It includes an Axiomatic USB-CAN converter to link the device's CAN port to a <i>Windows</i> -based PC.  The controller is also configurable via the Ethernet.
Operating Conditions	-40 to 85 °C (-40 to 185 °F)
Storage Temperature	-55 to 125 °C (-67 to 257°F)
Protection	IP67
Weight	0.15 lb. (0.068 kg)
Vibration	Random Vibration: 6.0 Grms peak Based on ISO16750-3, Section 4.1.2.7
Enclosure and Dimensions	Molded Enclosure, integral connector Nylon 6/6, 30% glass Ultrasonically welded 3.54 x 2.75 x 1.31 inches (90.09 x 70.00 x 33.35 mm) L x W x H including integral connector Refer to the dimensional drawing, Figure 2.0.

Electrical Connections	<p>Integral 12-pin receptacle (equivalent TE Deutsch P/N: DTM04-12PA)  Mates to: PL-DTM06-12SA Mating Plug Kit : 1 DTM06-12SA, 1 WM-12S, 12 0462-201-20141, 6 0413-204-2005 Sealing Plug</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="440 254 891 642"> <thead> <tr> <th>PIN #</th> <th>FUNCTION</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr><td>1</td><td>BATT-</td></tr> <tr><td>2</td><td>TX+</td></tr> <tr><td>3</td><td>RX+</td></tr> <tr><td>4</td><td>Digital Input 3</td></tr> <tr><td>5</td><td>Digital Input 4</td></tr> <tr><td>6</td><td>CAN H</td></tr> <tr><td>7</td><td>CAN L</td></tr> <tr><td>8</td><td>Digital Input 2</td></tr> <tr><td>9</td><td>Digital Input 1</td></tr> <tr><td>10</td><td>RX-</td></tr> <tr><td>11</td><td>TX-</td></tr> <tr><td>12</td><td>BATT+</td></tr> </tbody> </table>	PIN #	FUNCTION	1	BATT-	2	TX+	3	RX+	4	Digital Input 3	5	Digital Input 4	6	CAN H	7	CAN L	8	Digital Input 2	9	Digital Input 1	10	RX-	11	TX-	12	BATT+
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10	RX-																										
11	TX-																										
12	BATT+																										
Network Termination	<p>It is necessary to terminate the network with external termination resistors. The resistors are 120 Ohm, 0.25W minimum, metal film or similar type. They should be placed between CAN_H and CAN_L terminals at both ends of the network.</p>																										
Mounting	<p>Mounting holes are sized for #8 or M4 bolts. The bolt length will be determined by the end-user's mounting plate thickness. The mounting flange of the controller is 0.425 inches (10.8 mm) thick.</p> <p>If the module is mounted without an enclosure, it should be mounted vertically with connectors facing left or right to reduce likelihood of moisture entry.</p> <p>The CAN wiring is considered intrinsically safe. The power wires are not considered intrinsically safe and so in hazardous locations, they need to be located in conduit or conduit trays at all times. The module must be mounted in an enclosure in hazardous locations for this purpose.</p> <p>No wire or cable harness should exceed 30 meters in length. The power input wiring should be limited to 10 meters.</p> <p>All field wiring should be suitable for the operating temperature range.</p> <p>Install the unit with appropriate space available for servicing and for adequate wire harness access (6 inches or 15 cm) and strain relief (12 inches or 30 cm).</p>																										

## OUR PRODUCTS

AC/DC Power Supplies  
Actuator Controls/Interfaces  
Automotive Ethernet Interfaces  
Battery Chargers  
CAN Controls, Routers, Repeaters  
CAN/WiFi, CAN/Bluetooth, Routers  
Current/Voltage/PWM Converters  
DC/DC Power Converters  
Engine Temperature Scanners  
Ethernet/CAN Converters,  
Gateways, Switches  
Fan Drive Controllers  
Gateways, CAN/Modbus, RS-232  
Gyroscopes, Inclinometers  
Hydraulic Valve Controllers  
Inclinometers, Triaxial  
I/O Controls  
LVDT Signal Converters  
Machine Controls  
Modbus, RS-422, RS-485 Controls  
Motor Controls, Inverters  
Power Supplies, DC/DC, AC/DC  
PWM Signal Converters/Isolators  
Resolver Signal Conditioners  
Service Tools  
Signal Conditioners, Converters  
Strain Gauge CAN Controls  
Surge Suppressors

## OUR COMPANY

Axiomatic provides electronic machine control components to the off-highway, commercial vehicle, electric vehicle, power generator set, material handling, renewable energy and industrial OEM markets. ***We innovate with engineered and off-the-shelf machine controls that add value for our customers.***

## QUALITY DESIGN AND MANUFACTURING

We have an ISO9001:2015 registered design/manufacturing facility in Canada.

## WARRANTY, APPLICATION APPROVALS/LIMITATIONS

Axiomatic Technologies Corporation reserves the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. Users should satisfy themselves that the product is suitable for use in the intended application. All our products carry a limited warranty against defects in material and workmanship. Please refer to our Warranty, Application Approvals/Limitations and Return Materials Process at <https://www.axiomatic.com/service/>.

## COMPLIANCE

Product compliance details can be found in the product literature and/or on [axiomatic.com](http://axiomatic.com). Any inquiries should be sent to [sales@axiomatic.com](mailto:sales@axiomatic.com).

## SAFE USE

All products should be serviced by Axiomatic. Do not open the product and perform the service yourself.



This product can expose you to chemicals which are known in the State of California, USA to cause cancer and reproductive harm. For more information go to [www.P65Warnings.ca.gov](http://www.P65Warnings.ca.gov).

## SERVICE

All products to be returned to Axiomatic require a Return Materials Authorization Number (RMA#) from [sales@axiomatic.com](mailto:sales@axiomatic.com). Please provide the following information when requesting an RMA number:

- Serial number, part number
- Runtime hours, description of problem
- Wiring set up diagram, application and other comments as needed

## DISPOSAL

Axiomatic products are electronic waste. Please follow your local environmental waste and recycling laws, regulations and policies for safe disposal or recycling of electronic waste.

## CONTACTS

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